# **MINEBEA**

# **Technical Conference**

~HDD Spindle Motor & Bearing~

March 24, 2000

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In accordance with the table of contents, I would like to provide you with a technical profile of Minebea's businesses concerning HDD spindle motors and bearings including fluid dynamic bearings.

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As of April 2000, our monthly production volume of HDD spindle motors stood at 2,150,000, but we expect this level to reach 3.5 million during the third quarter of 2000 and 5 million during the third quarter of 2001. The "3.5-inch highend, desktop" shown in Figures refers to spindle motors for 3.5-inch HDDs that are now said to have the largest storage capacity in the world. We expect to produce 10 million HDD spindle motors each month during 2003.



Our market share of HDD spindle motors is expected to rise from 21% in 2000 to 36% in 2003. We have calculated the market size by adding about 10% to Pixie Pinnacle Corporation's estimate.



An RO bearing is composed of one outer ring with two raceways, one shaft with one raceway, and one inner ring with one raceway.



The key features of RO bearing motors are that they are less affected by temperature variation and that they suffer no misalignment. The advantages of RO bearings over discrete bearings are evident as shown in Graphs A (Thermal Resonance Shift) and B (Resonance Range at different Rotational Speed), and Graph C (Thermal Radial Runout Shift).



RO bearings have advantages in NRRO and resonance range. They have a high reputation as bearings for use in spindle motors for 2.5-inch, notebook type HDDs which require higher accuracy.

### **Technical Problem of Ball Bearings with Ceramic Balls**

### Loosing of Preload

### **Ball Bearing with Steel Balls:**

### Same Ball and Ring Materials => Same Thermal Expansion

### No Preload Loosing Problem in Temperature Variation

### **Ball Bearing with Ceramic Balls:**

Different Ball and Ring Material => Different Thermal Expansion

**Preload Loosing Problem in Temperature Variation** 

Generally speaking, in discrete ball bearings, when we use ceramic balls that have different thermal expansion rate from steel rings a technical problem of the preload loosing occurs.

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When assembled into a motor, the outer ring of RO Bearing is compressed as shown in the above figure. This assembling method prevents the problem of the preload loosing at high temperature. We have applied for a patent for this structure.

2. RO Bearing Motor - Performance and Advantage



In the case of RO bearing, pre-load is retained even when its outer ring is elongated due to a rise of temperature, since the compression of the outer ring is released to the longitudinal direction. The contact angle only changes slightly.

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In the case of discrete ball bearings with Ceramic Balls, the same principle to prevent the loosing of preload is not applicable.



All of our spindle motors for 2.5-inch and 3.5-inch, highend desktop HDDs use RO bearings. Production of RO bearing motors is expected to grow further in the future.



The number of components used in fluid dynamic bearings are fewer than those used in other types of bearing. Thus, the price of fluid dynamic bearings should be lower by that count.



The fluid dynamic bearing developed by Seagate Technologies Inc. satisfies our requirements with regards to both cost and reliability.

# Capital expenditure for Additional HDD Spindle Motor Production Capacity



We will start the mass production of fluid dynamic bearings by the end of 2000. We will invest 7.5 billion yen in Bang Pa-in, Thailand to build a HDD spindle motor plant with a monthly production capacity of 6 million units. After the completion of the new plant, our monthly production capacity of HDD spindle motor, including the existing production lines, will be 10 million units.

	Discrete	RO	Non Minebea's FDB	
NRRO	Δ	0	Ø	
Life, High Speed Rotation	Δ	0	Ø	
Acoustic Noise	0	0	O	
Load Carrying Capacity	Ø	Ø	Δ	
Torque	0	0	?	
Shock Torrelance	0	0	?	
Thermal Characteristics	0	Ø	?	
Cost Advantage	Ø	Ø	?	
Rotating Direction	Both	Both	Specific	
Ease of Assembly	0	Ø	?	
(Note) RO : Ceramic Ball Type				

## Spindle Motor Performance Comparison by Bearing Types

The question mark placed on fluid dynamic bearings means that they will vary depending upon FDB's, design and manufacturing process. The above comparison clearly shows that RO bearings have certain advantages over discrete bearings.

	Discrete	RO	Minebea's FDB	
NRRO	Δ	0	Ø	
Life, High Speed Rotation	Δ	0	Ø	
Acoustic Noise	0	0	Ø	
Load Carrying Capacity	Ø	Ø	Δ	
Torque	0	0	0	
Shock Torrelance	0	0	0	
Thermal Characteristics	0	Ø	0	
Cost Advantage	Ø	Ø	O	
Rotating Direction	Both	Both	Specific	
Ease of Assembly	0	Ø	0	
(Note) RO : Ceramic Ball Type				

### Spindle Motor Performance Comparison by Bearing Types

In the case of Minebea's fluid dynamic bearings, the question mark will turn to O or  $\odot$ . The fluid dynamic bearings have an NRRO and noise advantage over ball bearings. However, at highspeed rotation, the fluid dynamic bearings lose these advantages due to the disc dynamics and wind noises. Minebea's fluid dynamic bearings include fluid dynamic bearings designed for the highspeed rotation type HDDs and those designed for 2.5-inch HDDs. At present, however, we believe that the immediate area in which we can make the best use of the features of fluid dynamic bearings is the area of lowend HDDs, including HDDs for AV application. The best advantage of Minebea's fluid dynamic bearings is their low cost. With this in mind, we believe that Minebea's fluid dynamic bearings best suit lowend HDDs.



Since fluid dynamic bearings have a weakness in load carrying capacity and the limitation of rotational direction, while having an NRRO and noise advantage over ball bearings, their applications will be limited. However, even if all bearings for HDD spindle motors are replaced by fluid dynamic bearings, our ball bearing businesses will not be overly affected.



We consider high precision pivot assembly as a new application area for RO bearings. In the case of HDDs, higher accuracy is required not only for the HDD spindle motors that function to rotate the disks, but also for the pivot assemblies that function to control the position of heads.



We expect that market demand for our pivot assemblies will increase further in the future.

# RO Bearing Fan Motor - Ultra High Performance & High Reliability -



We consider ultrahigh performance, highly reliable fan motors as the next application area for RO bearings. We can obtain the stable rotation of fan motors by using RO bearings. In addition, we can multiply the operating life by three times or more if ceramic balls are used. High performance, highly reliable fan motors are expected to be used in a wide variety of areas, including the aerospace, information and telecommunication industries.

6. Minebea Production Support and It's Organization



At present, Minebea has 92 HDD spindle motor engineers and 53 R&D engineers.



We are engaged in the design and development of HDD spindle motors in both Japan and Germany. We mass-produce HDD spindle motors in Thailand. Our R&D centers in various parts of the world support these operations.

- 1. Minebea HDD Spindle Motor expects Strong Demand and Steep Growth.
- 2. Minebea HDD Spindle Motor continues to use RO Bearing because of its Superior Performance.
- 3. Minebea FDB has Advantages in both Cost and Reliability.
- 4. FDB does not Affect has Minebea's Current Ball Bearing Business.
- 5. RO Bearing will be used not only for HDD Spindle Motors but also for Other High Value Added Products.
- 6. Globalized R&D Production set up will enhance Minebea's Further Growth.

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