

# CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

As of March 31, 2000 and 1999

Assets	Millions of yen		Thousands of U.S. dollars (Note 3)
	2000	1999	2000
<b>Current Assets:</b>			
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 2-c)	¥ 24,432	¥ 50,187	\$ 230,165
Marketable securities (Notes 2-h and 5)	8,942	10,059	84,239
Notes and accounts receivable (Notes 2-d, 2-e and 4):			
Trade	56,747	66,982	534,592
Finance receivables	—	21,323	—
Other	3,055	1,957	28,780
	<u>59,802</u>	<u>90,262</u>	<u>563,372</u>
Allowance for doubtful receivables (Note 2-e)	(785)	(1,213)	(7,395)
Net notes and accounts receivable	<u>59,017</u>	<u>89,049</u>	<u>555,977</u>
Inventories (Note 2-f)	46,839	53,816	441,253
Deferred tax assets (Note 6)	6,718	2,768	63,288
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	7,710	13,947	72,633
Total current assets	<u>153,658</u>	<u>219,826</u>	<u>1,447,555</u>
<b>Property, Plant and Equipment</b> (Notes 2-g and 5):			
Land	11,105	11,739	104,616
Buildings and structures	82,426	88,077	776,505
Machinery and/or transportation equipment	203,997	219,325	1,921,780
Construction in progress	3,892	2,110	36,665
	<u>301,420</u>	<u>321,251</u>	<u>2,839,566</u>
Accumulated depreciation	(158,862)	(160,543)	(1,496,580)
Net property, plant and equipment	<u>142,558</u>	<u>160,708</u>	<u>1,342,986</u>
<b>Investments and Other Assets:</b>			
Excess of cost over net assets acquired (Note 2-j)	15,990	19,627	150,636
Investments in affiliates (Notes 2-a and 4)	188	183	1,771
Investments in securities (Note 2-h)	1,148	1,163	10,815
Long-term loans receivable	1,245	86	11,729
Deferred tax assets (Note 6)	15,481	—	145,841
Foreign currency translation adjustments (Note 2-b)	69,942	64,152	658,898
Other (Notes 2-e)	5,079	10,158	47,847
	<u>109,073</u>	<u>95,369</u>	<u>1,027,537</u>
Allowance for doubtful receivables (Note 2-e)	(1,295)	(2,543)	(12,200)
Net investments and other assets	<u>107,778</u>	<u>92,826</u>	<u>1,015,337</u>
<b>Total Assets</b>	<u>¥ 403,994</u>	<u>¥ 473,360</u>	<u>\$ 3,805,878</u>

The accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

<b>Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity</b>	<i>Millions of yen</i>		<i>Thousands of U.S. dollars (Note 3)</i>
	<b>2000</b>	1999	<b>2000</b>
<b>Current Liabilities:</b>			
Short-term loans payable (Note 5)	¥ 63,787	¥135,184	\$ 600,914
Current portion of long-term debt (Note 5)	4,235	7,644	39,896
Notes and accounts payable (Note 4):			
Trade	31,249	27,694	294,385
Other	7,871	7,945	74,150
Total notes and accounts payable	39,120	35,639	368,535
Income taxes payable (Note 6)	3,160	4,210	29,769
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities	13,783	14,394	129,845
Total current liabilities	124,085	197,071	1,168,959
<b>Long-term Liabilities:</b>			
Long-term debt (Note 5)	124,690	128,223	1,174,658
Other (Note 2-i)	501	1,927	4,720
Total long-term liabilities	125,191	130,150	1,179,378
<b>Minority Interests in Consolidated Subsidiaries</b>			
	361	434	3,401
<b>Shareholders' Equity (Note 7):</b>			
Common stock, par value ¥50 per share—			
Authorized 1,000,000,000 shares			
Issued:			
March 31, 2000—399,150,527 shares			
March 31, 1999—397,787,828 shares	68,251	67,664	642,968
Capital reserve	94,749	94,162	892,595
Accumulated deficit	8,641	16,120	81,404
	154,359	145,706	1,454,159
Treasury stock	(2)	(1)	(19)
Total shareholders' equity	154,357	145,705	1,454,140
<b>Contingent Liabilities (Notes 9 and 10)</b>			
<b>Total Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity</b>	<b>¥403,994</b>	<b>¥473,360</b>	<b>\$3,805,878</b>

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

Years ended March 31, 2000, 1999 and 1998

	Millions of yen			Thousands of U.S. dollars (Note 3)
	2000	1999	1998	2000
<b>Net Sales</b> (Note 4)	<b>¥284,757</b>	¥305,324	¥326,094	<b>\$2,682,591</b>
<b>Cost of Sales</b> (Note 4)	<b>203,223</b>	215,163	219,008	<b>1,914,489</b>
Gross profit	<b>81,534</b>	90,161	107,086	<b>768,102</b>
<b>Selling, General and Administrative Expenses</b> (Notes 2-j and 6)	<b>50,465</b>	51,615	48,275	<b>475,412</b>
Operating income	<b>31,069</b>	38,546	58,811	<b>292,690</b>
<b>Other Income (Expenses):</b>				
Interest income	<b>927</b>	691	818	<b>8,733</b>
Equity in income (losses) of nonconsolidated subsidiaries and affiliates (Note 2-a)	<b>6</b>	14	(167)	<b>56</b>
Interest expense	<b>(7,897)</b>	(12,231)	(16,593)	<b>(74,395)</b>
Losses on sales of marketable securities, investment securities and investment securities in affiliates	<b>—</b>	(1,720)	(664)	<b>—</b>
Gains (losses) on revaluation of marketable and investment securities	<b>573</b>	(1,256)	(4,577)	<b>5,398</b>
Foreign currency exchange losses (Note 2-b)	<b>(1,710)</b>	(860)	(6,186)	<b>(16,109)</b>
Losses on disposals of inventories	<b>(1,864)</b>	(1,468)	—	<b>(17,560)</b>
Losses on disposals of real estate for resale	<b>—</b>	(104)	(751)	<b>—</b>
Losses on sales and disposals of property, plant and equipment	<b>(324)</b>	(316)	(2,130)	<b>(3,052)</b>
Losses on liquidation of subsidiaries and affiliates	<b>(25,782)</b>	—	—	<b>(242,883)</b>
Other, net (Note 2-j)	<b>(1,610)</b>	(2,861)	(5,626)	<b>(15,167)</b>
	<b>(37,681)</b>	(20,111)	(35,876)	<b>(354,979)</b>
<b>Income (Loss) before Income Taxes</b>	<b>(6,612)</b>	18,435	22,935	<b>(62,289)</b>
<b>Income Taxes</b> (Note 6):				
Current	<b>2,242</b>	4,656	4,538	<b>21,121</b>
Deferred (benefit)	<b>(6,276)</b>	1,690	909	<b>(59,124)</b>
	<b>(4,034)</b>	6,346	5,447	<b>(38,003)</b>
<b>Minority Interests in Earnings of Consolidated Subsidiaries</b>	<b>99</b>	582	2,344	<b>933</b>
<b>Net Income (Loss)</b>	<b>¥ (2,677)</b>	¥ 11,507	¥ 15,144	<b>\$ (25,219)</b>
			Yen	U.S. dollars (Note 3)
<b>Per Share Data</b> (Note 8):				
Net income (loss):				
Primary	<b>¥(6.72)</b>	¥28.94	¥38.42	<b>\$(0.06)</b>
Fully diluted	<b>(5.39)</b>	26.32	34.85	<b>(0.05)</b>
Cash dividends applicable to the year	<b>7.00</b>	7.00	7.00	<b>0.07</b>

The accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

Years ended March 31, 2000, 1999 and 1998

Millions of yen

	Number of Shares of Common Stock	Common Stock	Capital Reserve	Legal Reserve (Note 7)	Retained Earnings (Deficit) (Note 7)	Treasury Stock
<b>Balance at March 31, 1997</b>	390,076,018	¥64,207	¥90,705	¥ 933	¥(32,013)	¥(1)
Net income	—	—	—	—	15,144	—
Cash dividends	—	—	—	—	(2,775)	—
Bonuses to directors and corporate auditors	—	—	—	—	(99)	—
Transfer to legal reserve	—	—	—	290	(290)	—
Common stock issued on conversion of convertible bonds	6,394,455	2,897	2,897	—	—	—
Other	—	—	—	—	(53)	1
<b>Balance at March 31, 1998</b>	396,470,473	67,104	93,602	1,223	(20,086)	—
Net income	—	—	—	—	11,507	—
Cash dividends	—	—	—	—	(2,784)	—
Bonuses to directors and corporate auditors	—	—	—	—	(91)	—
Transfer to legal reserve	—	—	—	290	(290)	—
Common stock issued on conversion of convertible bonds	1,317,355	560	560	—	—	—
Other	—	—	—	(1,513)	(4,376)	(1)
<b>Balance at March 31, 1999</b>	<b>397,787,828</b>	<b>67,664</b>	<b>94,162</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>(16,120)</b>	<b>(1)</b>
Net income (loss)	—	—	—	—	(2,677)	—
Cash dividends	—	—	—	—	(2,794)	—
Bonuses to directors and corporate auditors	—	—	—	—	—	—
Transfer to legal reserve	—	—	—	280	(280)	—
Common stock issued on conversion of convertible bonds	<b>1,362,699</b>	<b>587</b>	<b>587</b>	—	—	—
Prior year tax effect adjustment	—	—	—	—	12,950	—
Other	—	—	—	(280)	280	(1)
<b>Balance at March 31, 2000</b>	<b>399,150,527</b>	<b>¥ 68,251</b>	<b>¥ 94,749</b>	<b>¥ —</b>	<b>¥ (8,641)</b>	<b>¥ (2)</b>

Thousands of U.S. dollars (Note 3)

	Number of Shares of Common Stock	Common Stock	Capital Reserve	Legal Reserve (Note 7)	Retained Earnings (Deficit) (Note 7)	Treasury Stock
<b>Balance at March 31, 1999</b>	<b>397,787,828</b>	<b>\$637,438</b>	<b>\$887,065</b>	<b>\$ —</b>	<b>\$(151,861)</b>	<b>\$ (9)</b>
Net income (loss)	—	—	—	—	(25,219)	—
Cash dividends	—	—	—	—	(26,321)	—
Bonuses to directors and corporate auditors	—	—	—	—	—	—
Transfer to legal reserve	—	—	—	2,638	(2,638)	—
Common stock issued on conversion of convertible bonds	<b>1,362,699</b>	<b>5,530</b>	<b>5,530</b>	—	—	—
Prior year tax effect adjustment	—	—	—	—	121,997	—
Other	—	—	—	(2,638)	2,638	(10)
<b>Balance at March 31, 2000</b>	<b>399,150,527</b>	<b>\$642,968</b>	<b>\$892,595</b>	<b>\$ —</b>	<b>\$ (81,404)</b>	<b>\$(19)</b>

The accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

Years ended March 31, 2000, 1999 and 1998

	Millions of yen			Thousands of U.S. dollars (Note 3)
	2000	1999	1998	2000
<b>Cash Flows from Operating Activities:</b>				
Net income (loss)	¥ (2,677)	¥ 11,507	¥ 15,144	\$ (25,219)
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:				
Depreciation and amortization	25,026	28,034	29,616	235,761
(Income) losses on revaluation of marketable and investment securities	(573)	1,256	4,577	(5,398)
Losses on disposals of inventories and real estate for resale	1,864	1,572	751	17,560
Losses on sales and disposals of property, plant and equipment	135	316	2,130	1,272
Losses on liquidation of subsidiaries and affiliates	25,782	—	—	242,883
Equity in (income) losses of nonconsolidated subsidiaries and affiliates	(6)	(14)	167	(56)
Allowance for doubtful receivables	(154)	(183)	—	(1,451)
Deferred income taxes (benefit)	(6,276)	1,690	909	(59,124)
Decrease in notes and accounts receivable	8,918	19,170	16,571	84,013
Decrease in inventories	5,112	13,253	15,219	48,158
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses and other current assets	2,685	3,190	(467)	25,294
Increase (decrease) in notes and accounts payable	3,481	(14,208)	(1,104)	32,793
Increase (decrease) in income taxes payable	(1,044)	549	(1,108)	(9,835)
Increase (decrease) in accrued expenses and other current liabilities	(509)	(1,428)	1,375	(4,795)
 Increase (decrease) in minority interests in consolidated subsidaries	 (72)	 (3,964)	 98	 (678)
Total adjustments	64,369	49,233	68,734	606,397
Net cash provided by operating activities	61,692	60,740	83,878	581,178
<b>Cash Flows from Investing Activities:</b>				
Marketable securities	1,690	2,389	8,202	15,921
Proceeds from sales of property, plant and equipment	113	211	60	1,065
Expenditure for purchase of property, plant and equipment	(19,504)	(20,563)	(23,688)	(183,740)
Investments in and advances to nonconsolidated subsidiaries and affiliates	—	—	239	—
Long-term loans receivable	—	93	(87)	—
Investments in securities	(2)	88	703	(19)
Proceeds from sales of subsidiary	5,147	—	—	48,488
(Increase) decrease in other assets	2,053	528	(19,174)	19,340
Net cash used in investing activities	(10,503)	(17,254)	(33,745)	(98,945)
<b>Cash Flows from Financing Activities:</b>				
Proceeds from issuance of bonds	—	25,000	10,000	—
Proceeds from common stock issued on conversion of convertible bonds	1,174	1,120	5,794	11,060
Decrease in short-term loans payable	(71,397)	(33,851)	(71,701)	(672,605)
Cash dividends and bonuses to directors and corporate auditors	(2,794)	(2,876)	(2,874)	(26,321)
Increase (decrease) in long-term debt	(5,768)	5,912	(18,003)	(54,338)
Conversion of convertible bonds	(1,174)	(1,120)	(5,794)	(11,060)
Redemption of bonds	—	—	(3,000)	—
Increase (decrease) in other liabilities	(1,280)	(1,050)	215	(12,059)
Net cash used in financing activities	(81,239)	(6,865)	(85,363)	(765,323)
<b>Effect of Exchange Rate Changes</b>	4,295	9,426	27,021	40,462
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(25,755)	46,047	(8,209)	(242,628)
<b>Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year</b>	50,187	4,140	12,349	472,793
<b>Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year</b>	¥ 24,432	¥ 50,187	¥ 4,140	\$ 230,165

The accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

# NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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## 1. Basis of Presenting Financial Statements

The accompanying consolidated financial statements of MINEBEA CO., LTD., a Japanese corporation (the “Company”), and its consolidated domestic and foreign subsidiaries, are stated in Japanese yen. The accounts of the Company and its consolidated domestic and foreign subsidiaries are maintained in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the respective countries and are audited by independent auditors in those countries.

The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared from the consolidated financial statements filed with the Ministry of Finance in Japan as required by the Securities and Exchange Law of Japan, in accordance with accounting principles and practices generally accepted in Japan, which may differ in some material respects from accounting principles and practices generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than Japan. For the purpose of this annual report, certain reclassifications have been made and additional information is provided in order to present the accompanying consolidated financial statements in a format which is familiar to readers outside Japan.

The consolidated statements of cash flows have been prepared for the purpose of this annual report.

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## 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

### *a) Principles of consolidation*

The accompanying consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and all significant subsidiaries. All significant inter-company balances, inter-company transactions and unrealized profits have been eliminated in consolidation.

In fiscal 1999, the Company implemented revisions to the Securities and Exchange Law of Japan relating to the classification of consolidated subsidiaries and the application of the equity method which went into effect in fiscal 2000. As a result, beginning in fiscal 1999, all of the Company’s subsidiaries have been included in the consolidated financial statements, while 20% to 50% owned affiliates have been accounted for by the equity method.

### *b) Translation of foreign currencies*

Current monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into yen at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date, except for certain accounts which were hedged by forward exchange contracts. Long-term monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at historical rates. All revenues and expenses associated with foreign currencies are translated at the rates of exchange prevailing at the time of transactions. The resulting exchange losses and gains are charged or credited to income.

Financial statement items of consolidated foreign subsidiaries are translated into yen as follows:

Balance sheet items	Translated at the rates of exchange prevailing at the balance sheet date
Statement of income items	Translated at the average rate of exchange during the fiscal period

### *c) Cash equivalents*

All highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased are considered to be “cash equivalents.”

**d) Finance receivables**

Installment finance receivables and installment sales contracts receivables due after one year are included in current assets in accordance with recognized trade practices. Based on its collection and return experience on installment finance receivables and installment sales contracts receivables, the Company has provided an allowance for possible losses by charges against income as incurred.

**e) Allowance for doubtful receivables**

Allowance for doubtful receivables of the Company and its domestic subsidiaries is computed on the basis of the maximum amount deductible under Japanese tax laws. Such allowance of consolidated foreign subsidiaries is generally provided for in the amount required for known uncollectible receivables.

Allowance for doubtful receivables applicable to consolidated subsidiary receivables is eliminated on consolidation. The balances of the allowance as of March 31, 2000 and March 31, 1999, were sufficient to cover the estimated uncollectible receivables.

**f) Inventories**

Inventories of the Company and its consolidated domestic subsidiaries are stated primarily at the moving average cost or weighted average cost and those of its consolidated foreign subsidiaries are stated at the lower of first-in, first-out cost or market, or at the lower of average cost or market.

Inventories as of March 31, 2000 and 1999, comprised the following:

	<i>Millions of yen</i>		<i>Thousands of U.S. dollars (Note 3)</i>
	<b>2000</b>	1999	<b>2000</b>
Merchandise and finished goods	<b>¥21,285</b>	¥25,094	<b>\$200,518</b>
Work in process	<b>12,438</b>	14,614	<b>117,174</b>
Raw materials	<b>9,642</b>	9,981	<b>90,834</b>
Supplies	<b>3,474</b>	4,127	<b>32,727</b>
	<b>¥46,839</b>	¥53,816	<b>\$441,253</b>

**g) Property, plant and equipment**

Property, plant and equipment is stated at cost. Depreciation of plant and equipment of the Company and its consolidated domestic subsidiaries is computed on the declining balance method based upon the estimated useful lives of the assets in accordance with Japanese tax laws, whereas depreciation of plant and equipment of consolidated foreign subsidiaries is computed primarily on the straight-line method based upon the estimated lives of the assets. Maintenance and normal repair expenses are charged against income as incurred, while major renewals and improvements are capitalized.

**h) Marketable securities and investments in securities**

Marketable securities and investments in securities consist of equity securities of listed and unlisted companies and interest-bearing bonds. Marketable securities and listed investment securities held by the Company and its consolidated domestic subsidiaries are stated at the lower of cost or market, cost being determined by the moving average method. Other securities are stated at cost, as determined by the moving average method and those held by its consolidated foreign subsidiaries are stated at the lower of cost or market, cost being determined by the moving average method.

The aggregate cost and market value of marketable equity securities held by the Company and its consolidated domestic subsidiaries as of March 31, 2000, were as follows:

	<i>Millions of yen</i>
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Aggregate cost:	
Current	¥8,942
Noncurrent	—
	<hr/>
	¥8,942
Aggregate market value:	
Current	¥9,735
Noncurrent	—
	<hr/>
	¥9,735

***i) Pension and retirement allowance plans***

The Company and certain consolidated domestic subsidiaries previously had funded noncontributory pension plans and unfunded retirement allowance plans covering substantially all employees. However, as of April 1, 1998, the Company switched to a funded noncontributory pension plan only. Under the funded pension plans, qualified employees are entitled to receive pension payments or a lump-sum payment at the time of termination of their employment. Under the unfunded plans, used by certain consolidated domestic subsidiaries only, these companies accrue liabilities equal to approximately 40% of the amount payable, if employees voluntarily terminated their employment as of the balance sheet date, less the amount which would be paid from the pension fund.

The liabilities so accrued are included in other long-term liabilities in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets.

Certain consolidated subsidiaries in the United States of America have funded retirement allowance plans for their employees under which these employees are entitled to receive a lump-sum payment or pension payments.

Amounts of pension payments and retirement allowance are generally determined on the basis of length of service and current basic salary at the time of termination of service.

The total amount charged by the Company and its consolidated subsidiaries to income as incurred under the above plans was ¥1,148 million and ¥989 million in fiscal 2000 and 1999, respectively.



**j) Excess of cost over net assets acquired**

Excess of cost over net assets acquired for business acquisitions was amortized, amounting to ¥2,866 million in fiscal 2000 and ¥2,772 million in fiscal 1999, respectively, on a straight-line basis over a period ranging from five to 40 years.

In accordance with revisions in fiscal 1999 to the Securities and Exchange Law of Japan relating to the preparation of consolidated financial statements, consolidated adjustment account depreciation charges (for the period), which were previously included in other, net, in the other income (expenses) category, are now included in selling, general and administrative expenses.

**k) Reclassifications**

Certain amounts in the prior years' financial statements have been reclassified to conform with the 2000 presentation.

**3. Translation into United States Dollars**

The accompanying financial statements are expressed in Japanese yen and, solely for the convenience of the reader, have also been translated into United States dollars at the rate of ¥106.15=US\$1, the approximate exchange rate on March 31, 2000. The translations should not be construed as representations that the Japanese yen amounts have been, could have been, or could in the future be, converted into United States dollars.

**4. Investments in Affiliates**

Summarized financial information for all affiliates as of March 31, 2000 and 1999, and for the years then ended, was as follows:

<b>Financial Position</b>	<i>Millions of yen</i>		<i>Thousands of U.S. dollars (Note 3)</i>
	<b>2000</b>	1999	<b>2000</b>
Assets:			
Current assets	<b>¥686</b>	¥778	<b>\$6,462</b>
Other assets, including property, plant and equipment	<b>175</b>	200	<b>1,649</b>
	<b>¥861</b>	¥978	<b>\$8,111</b>
Liabilities and shareholders' equity:			
Current liabilities	<b>¥280</b>	¥403	<b>\$2,638</b>
Long-term liabilities	<b>26</b>	30	<b>245</b>
Shareholders' equity	<b>555</b>	545	<b>5,228</b>
	<b>¥861</b>	¥978	<b>\$8,111</b>
<b>Operations</b>			
		<i>Millions of yen</i>	<i>Thousands of U.S. dollars (Note 3)</i>
	<b>2000</b>	1999	<b>2000</b>
Net sales	<b>¥1,303</b>	¥1,487	<b>\$12,275</b>
Cost and expenses	<b>1,290</b>	1,446	<b>12,153</b>
Net income	<b>¥ 13</b>	¥ 41	<b>\$ 122</b>

Summarized below are the significant transactions of the Company and its consolidated subsidiaries with affiliates for the years ended March 31, 2000 and 1999, and the related account balances as of March 31, 2000 and 1999:

	<i>Millions of yen</i>		<i>Thousands of U.S. dollars (Note 3)</i>
	<b>2000</b>	1999	<b>2000</b>
Transactions:			
Sales	¥—	¥—	\$ —
Purchases	12	31	113
Account balances:			
Notes and accounts receivable	—	—	—
Notes and accounts payable	—	12	—

#### 5. Short-term Loans and Long-term Debt

Short-term loans outstanding consist of notes payable to banks, principally due in 30 to 180 days, and commercial paper. The average annual interest rates for short-term loans were 4.4% and 5.6% for the years ended March 31, 2000 and 1999, respectively.

The aggregate annual maturities of long-term debt outstanding as of March 31, 2000, are as follows:

	<i>Millions of yen</i>		<i>Thousands of U.S. dollars (Note 3)</i>
2001	¥ 4,235		\$ 39,896
2002	11,267		106,142
2003	44,369		417,984
2004	11,334		106,773
2005 and thereafter	57,720		543,759

As of March 31, 2000, the following assets were pledged as collateral against short-term bank loans of ¥6,199 million and long-term debt of ¥3,099 million:

	<i>Millions of yen</i>		<i>Thousands of U.S. dollars (Note 3)</i>
Marketable securities	¥ 2,549		\$ 24,013
Property, plant and equipment	10,228		96,354
	<b>¥12,777</b>		<b>\$120,367</b>

The following is a summary of terms of conversion and redemption of convertible bonds:

	<i>Conversion price per share of common stock as of March 31, 2000</i>	<i>Exchange rate applicable upon conversion</i>	<i>Redemption at the option of the Company</i>
0.8% unsecured convertible bonds payable in Japanese yen due 2003	¥852.00	—	On or after April 1, 2000, at 102% to 100% of principal amount
0.65% unsecured convertible bonds payable in Japanese yen due 2005	¥972.00	—	On or after April 1, 2001, at 103% to 100% of principal amount

Note: These conversion prices are subject to adjustments in certain events such as stock dividends, free share distributions, and combinations or reclassifications of the common stock. If all the outstanding bonds were converted as of March 31, 2000, 44,101,430 shares of common stock would have been issued.

Long-term debt as of March 31, 2000 and 1999, consisted of the following:

	<i>Millions of yen</i>		<i>Thousands of U.S. dollars (Note 3)</i>
	<b>2000</b>	1999	<b>2000</b>
0.8% unsecured convertible bonds payable in Japanese yen due 2003	<b>¥ 13,835</b>	¥ 14,911	<b>\$ 130,334</b>
0.65% unsecured convertible bonds payable in Japanese yen due 2005	<b>27,083</b>	27,180	<b>255,139</b>
2.0% unsecured bonds payable in Japanese yen due 2003	<b>10,000</b>	10,000	<b>94,206</b>
2.85% unsecured bonds payable in Japanese yen due 2005	<b>10,000</b>	10,000	<b>94,206</b>
3.0% unsecured bonds payable in Japanese yen due 2008	<b>15,000</b>	15,000	<b>141,310</b>
1.8% to 12.5% loans from banks, other	<b>53,007</b>	58,776	<b>499,359</b>
	<b>128,925</b>	135,867	<b>1,214,554</b>
Less current portion	<b>4,235</b>	7,644	<b>39,896</b>
	<b>¥124,690</b>	¥128,223	<b>\$1,174,658</b>

## 6. Income Taxes

The Company and its consolidated domestic subsidiaries are subject to a number of different taxes based on income, which in the aggregate indicate an effective statutory rate of 40% and 47% for fiscal 2000 and 1999.

The income taxes of the consolidated foreign subsidiaries are generally levied at lower rates than those currently applied in Japan. In addition, consolidated subsidiaries in Thailand are granted a status by the Promotion of Investment Act, whereby earnings derived from the manufacture or sale of qualifying products are fully exempt from Thai income tax for a period of three to eight years.

Also, a consolidated subsidiary in China is granted a status by the Income Tax Law of the People's Republic of China for Enterprises with Foreign Investment and Foreign Enterprises, whereby earnings are fully exempt from China income tax for two years starting from the first profit-making year and are subject to 12% income tax rate for the following three years and after that subject to 24% income tax rate.

In accordance with revisions in fiscal 1999 to the Securities and Exchange Law of Japan relating to the preparation of consolidated financial statements, the corporate enterprise tax, which was previously included in selling, general and administrative expenses, is now included in income taxes.

Provision (credit) has been made for deferred (prepaid) income taxes attributable to timing differences between recognition of income and expenses for financial reporting purposes for the Company's foreign subsidiaries. The income tax effect of these differences is not recognized for the Company and its domestic subsidiaries. However, in fiscal 2000, the Company and consolidated domestic subsidiaries recognized the timing difference because of the adoption of tax effect accounting in Japan. This income tax effect is recognized for timing differences resulting from elimination of inter-company profit and certain adjustments made in the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

The aggregate deferred (prepaid) income taxes of ¥22,199 million and ¥2,768 million as of March 31, 2000 and 1999, respectively, are included in deferred tax assets of current assets and investments and other assets in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets.

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## 7. Shareholders' Equity

The Japanese Commercial Code provides that an amount equivalent to at least 10% of appropriation of retained earnings paid with respect to each financial period be appropriated to the legal reserve until such reserve equals 25% of the common stock. The legal reserve may be used to reduce a deficit or transferred to the common stock account through suitable shareholders' and/or directors' action, but is not available for dividend payment.

Appropriation of retained earnings with respect to cash dividends, bonuses to directors and corporate auditors and transfer to the legal reserve are subject to the approval of the general shareholders' meeting. The accompanying consolidated financial statements reflect appropriations approved by shareholders subsequent to the fiscal years ended March 31, 2000 and 1999, respectively.

In accordance with revisions in fiscal 1999 to the Securities and Exchange Law of Japan relating to the preparation of consolidated financial statements, the legal reserve, which was previously listed separately, is now included in accumulated deficit.

## 8. Per Share Data

Dividends per share shown in the consolidated statements of income have been presented on an accrual basis and include, in each fiscal year, dividends approved or to be approved after the fiscal year-end but applicable to the fiscal year.

Primary net income per share is based on the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding during the respective years.

Fully diluted net income per share is computed using the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding increased by the number of shares that would result from the conversion of all outstanding convertible bonds, the conversion of which would have a dilutive effect on net income per share. In calculating fully diluted net income per share, net income is adjusted, net of income taxes, by interest expense on the convertible bonds when such bonds are dilutive.

The number of shares used in calculating net income per share for the years ended March 31, 2000 and 1999, was as follows:

	<i>Thousands of shares</i>	
	2000	1999
Primary	398,469	397,651
Fully diluted	443,251	443,251

## 9. Litigation

As of March 31, 2000, there are no material claims outstanding or threatened against the Company or its consolidated subsidiaries.

## 10. Contingent Liabilities

The Company and its consolidated subsidiaries had no contingent liabilities as of March 31, 2000.

## 11. Industry Information

In fiscal 2000, ended March 31, 2000, Minebea reclassified its operations into three industry categories: machinery components, which includes bearings and bearing-related products, notably ball bearings, rod-end and spherical bearings and pivot assemblies, as well as other machinery components, such as fasteners, wheels and defense-related special parts; electronic devices and components, encompassing rotary components and other electronic devices and components, primarily PC keyboards, speakers, FDD sub-assemblies and switching power supplies; and consumer and others, comprising the import and sale of furniture and interior-related products.

The following table presents certain information regarding the Company's performance by industry category at March 31, 2000, and for the year then ended:

### Performance by Industry Category in Fiscal 2000

<i>Year ended March 31, 2000</i>	<i>Millions of yen</i>					
	<i>Machinery Components</i>	<i>Electronic Devices and Components</i>	<i>Consumer and Others</i>	<i>Total before Eliminations</i>	<i>Eliminations</i>	<i>Total</i>
Sales to external customers	¥127,734	¥146,133	¥10,890	¥284,757	¥ —	¥284,757
Internal sourcing	6,940	—	—	6,940	(6,940)	—
Total sales	134,674	146,133	10,890	291,697	(6,940)	284,757
Operating expenses	112,678	137,879	10,071	260,628	(6,940)	253,688
Operating income	21,996	8,254	819	31,069	—	31,069
Assets	183,111	234,558	8,022	425,691	(21,697)	403,994
Depreciation and amortization	10,031	11,911	83	22,025	—	22,025
Investment	8,813	10,571	228	19,612	—	19,612

Note: Assets of the Company and its subsidiaries in the Eliminations column totaled ¥69,942 million, resulting from foreign currency translation adjustments.

The following tables present certain information regarding the Company's performance by region at March 31, 2000 and 1999, and for the years then ended:

### Performance by Region in Fiscal 2000

Millions of yen

Year ended March 31, 2000	Japan	Asia (excluding Japan)	North, Central and South America	Europe	Total before Eliminations	Eliminations	Total
Sales to external customers	¥117,141	¥ 74,067	¥58,253	¥35,296	¥284,757	¥ —	¥284,757
Internal sourcing	77,697	107,033	1,533	3,926	190,189	(190,189)	—
Total sales	194,838	181,100	59,786	39,222	474,946	(190,189)	284,757
Operating expenses	182,955	165,927	57,057	37,938	443,877	(190,189)	253,688
Operating income	11,883	15,173	2,729	1,284	31,069	—	31,069
Assets	182,130	168,406	41,265	33,851	425,652	(21,658)	403,994

Notes: 1. Assets of the Company and its subsidiaries in the Eliminations column totaled ¥69,942 million, resulting from foreign currency translation adjustments.

2. In fiscal 2000, the Company applied tax effect accounting overall. Compared with using the same method as that of fiscal 1999, the change has increased "Assets" by ¥19,724 million in "Japan" and by ¥152 million in "Asia (excluding Japan)".

### Performance by Region in Fiscal 1999

Millions of yen

Year ended March 31, 1999	Japan	Asia (excluding Japan)	North, Central and South America	Europe	Total before Eliminations	Eliminations	Total
Sales to external customers	¥121,123	¥ 77,038	¥65,806	¥41,357	¥305,324	¥ —	¥305,324
Internal sourcing	88,054	119,541	2,239	2,157	211,991	(211,991)	—
Total sales	209,177	196,579	68,045	43,514	517,315	(211,991)	305,324
Operating expenses	192,987	179,557	64,895	41,330	478,769	(211,991)	266,778
Operating income	16,190	17,022	3,150	2,184	38,546	—	38,546
Assets	244,831	155,029	45,611	30,738	476,209	(2,849)	473,360

Note: Assets of the Company and its subsidiaries in the Eliminations column totaled ¥64,152 million, resulting from foreign currency translation adjustments.

The following tables present certain information regarding the Company's overseas sales for the years ended March 31, 2000 and 1999:

### Overseas Sales in Fiscal 2000

Millions of yen

Year ended March 31, 2000	To Asia (excluding Japan)	To North, Central and South America	To Europe	Total
Overseas sales	¥82,445	¥58,148	¥35,326	¥175,919
Total sales				¥284,757
Percentage of total sales	29.0%	20.4%	12.4%	61.8%

### Overseas Sales in Fiscal 1999

Millions of yen

Year ended March 31, 1999	To Asia (excluding Japan)	To North, Central and South America	To Europe	Total
Overseas sales	¥81,425	¥65,722	¥41,546	¥188,693
Total sales				¥305,324
Percentage of total sales	26.7%	21.5%	13.6%	61.8%