BRIEF REPORT OF INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL RESULTS

(Half year ended September 30, 1999)

November 11, 1999

Registered Common Stock Listings: Each 1st Section of

Company Name: MINEBEA CO., LTD. Tokyo, Osaka, and Nagoya

Code No: 6479

Headquarters: 4106-73, Oaza Miyota, Miyota-machi, Kitasaku-gun, Nagano 389-0293, Japan

Contact: Sadahiko Oki

Director-Accounting Tel. (03)5434-8611

Board of Directors' Meeting

on the interim consolidated financial results held on: November 11, 1999

1. Business performance (April 1,1999 through September 30,1999)

(1) Results of Operations

(Amounts less than one million yen have been omitted.)

		Net sales	%	Operating income	%	Ordinary income	%
		(millions of yen)	Change	(millions of yen)	Change	(millions of yen)	Change
FY2000	Interim	143,164	(7.5)	16,450	(16.6)	12,237	6.5
FY1999	Interim	154,848	(6.4)	19,735	(27.5)	11,489	(15.9)
FY1999	Annual	305,324		38,546		20,221	

				Net income	Fully diluted	Return	Return	Return
		Net income	%	per share	net income	(net income)	(ordinary	(ordinary
		(millions of yen)	Change		per share	on equity	income)	income)
				(yen)	(yen)	(%)	on assets (%)	on sales (%)
FY2000	Interim	(5,289)		(13.30)	-	(3.5)	2.8	8.5
FY1999	Interim	2,547	(66.4)	6.41	6.08	1.8	2.4	7.4
FY1999	Annual	11,507	·	28.94	26.32	8.0	4.2	6.6

⁽Notes) 1. Income or loss on investments for fiscal year 2000 interim on the equity method totaled income 9 million yen, income 88 million yen in fiscal year 1999 interim and income 13 million yen in fiscal year 1999 annual.

(2) Financial Position

	Total assets	Shareholders' equity	Shareholders'	Shareholder's equity
	(millions of yen)	(millions of yen)	equity ratio (%)	per share (yen)
FY2000 Interim	412,191	152,990	37.1	384.54
FY1999 Interim	480,789	145,508	30.3	365.80
FY1999 Annual	473,360	145,705	30.8	366.29

 $(3) \ Scope \ of \ consolidation \ and \ application \ of \ equity \ method$

(4) Accounting changes

Scope of consolidation and application of equity method

(a) Changes in consolidated subsidiaries

Anew: 2 companies Exclusion: 6 companies (b) Changes of the companies subject to equity method

Anew: None Exclusion: None Changes in accounting method: None

^{2.} The business results for FY2000 interim applied the tax effect accounting (earlier application).

2. Prospect for current fiscal year (April 1,1999 through March 31, 2000)

	Net sales (millions of yen)	Ordinary income (millions of yen)	Net income (millions of yen)
Annual	300,000	23,000	1,000

(Reference) Projected net income per share Consolidated 2.51 yen

Non-consolidated (47.76)yen

(Reference) Performance by non-consolidated based of the company (April 1, 1999 through September 30, 1999)

Net sales	%	Operating income	%	Ordinary income	%
(millions of yen)	Change	(millions of yen)	Change	(millions of yen)	Change
91,793	(11.2)	4,559	(33.2)	5,604	(41.8)

Net income (millions of yen)	% Change	Net income per share (yen)	Total assets (millions of yen)	Shareholders' equity (millions of yen)
(22,133)	-	(55.64)	379,887	176,697

(Reference)

1. Outlines of interim and annual operating for the current fiscal year

During this interim term, the Japanese economy bottomed out due to a series of economic stimulus measures introduced by the government, but its drawn-out recession still remained unchanged with lackluster private capital investment and personal consumption. On the other hand, the United States economy remained firm, and the European economy also looked even rosier than before. In addition, in Asia, at last the economies began to show signs of recovery from the currency crisis.

Under these circumstances, demand for our core products—bearings, electronic devices, and component parts—increased in Southeast Asia's information and telecommunications equipment industry, but the Japanese markets remained rigid due to the flagging economy and intensified price competition. To cope with this situation, we strove to strengthen production efficiency, quality improvement and sales activities to enhance business results. However, compared with the previous interim term, net sales and operating income declined 7.5% and 16.6%, respectively, to 143,164 million yen and 16,450 million yen. On the other hand, ordinary income increased 6.5% to 12,237 million yen, due to better interest balances arising from loan repayment effects.

During this interim term, to concentrate on the enhancement of company operations and improve financial strength, we also decided to transfer our shares in Minebea Credit Co., Ltd., a wholly-owned subsidiary, and include 22,036 million yen in extraordinary losses, as a loss on liquidation of subsidiaries and affiliates. On the other hand, we adopted the tax effect accounting (earlier application) in this interim term, and based upon this method, included a tax benefit of 6,020 million yen in the deferred income taxes (benefit). As a result, although very regrettable, interim net loss was 5,289 million yen.

During the second half of fiscal 2000, we expect that the Japanese economy will emerge from its recession, albeit gradually, and that the Asian economies will also make a steady recovery. However, although the European economy has improved, the expanding United States economy will be uncertain amid gradually increasing fears of inflation. To cope with this situation, we will continue to further strengthen manufacturing and sales functions at home and abroad and to enhance financial strength. By doing so, we will continue to improve business performance.

As mentioned in item 3 on page 10, segment information by industry segments has been omitted.

Consolidated net sales by product group

	FY2000 (Interim)		FY1999 (Inte	erim)	Increase or (dec (2000-199		F Y 1999 (Annual)	
	Millions of yen	%	Millions of yen	%	Millions of yen	%	Millions of yen	%
Bearings	42,433	30	48,248	31	(5,815)	(12)	91,691	30
Electronic devices and components	73,324	51	83,094	54	(9,770)	(12)	157,603	52
Machinery components	14,040	10	12,804	8	1,236	10	27,220	9
Transportation equipment and components	1,420	1	1,455	1	(35)	(2)	3,624	1
Special machinery component and other products	6,497	4	7,430	5	(933)	(13)	13,766	4
Others	5,450	4	1,817	1	3,633	200	11,420	4
Total	143,164	100	154,848	100	(11,683)	(8)	305,324	100

(Note) Intercompany transactions have been eliminated.

2. (1) Consolidated Balance Sheets

	As of September 3		As of September 3		Increase or (d (1999–19	ecrease) 998)	As of March 31,	1999
	Millions of	%	Millions of	%	Millions of	%	Millions of	%
	yen	Comp.	yen	Comp.	yen	%0	yen	Comp.
ASSETS								
Current assets	156,921	38.1	212,292	44.1	(55,370)	(26.1)	219,826	46.4
Cash and cash equivalents	25,848		25,186		662		50,187	
Notes and accounts receivable	56,568		72,208		(15,639)		66,982	
Finance receivables	_		24,753		(24,753)		21,323	
Marketable securities	9,531		6,468		3,063		10,059	
Inventories	47,713		61,241		(13,527)		53,816	
Prepaid taxes	_		3,105		(3,105)		2,768	
Deferred tax assets	6,645		_		6,645		_	
Others	11,626		20,490		(8,863)		15,903	
Allowance for doubtful receivables	(1,012)		(1,160)		148		(1,213)	
Fixed assets	176,480	42.8	211,388	44.0	(34,908)	(16.5)	188,947	39.9
Tangible fixed assets	137,899		173,905		(36,006)		160,708	
Building and structure	80,101		91,019		(10,918)		88,077	
Machinery and transportation								
equipment	157,314		191,105		(33,791)		178,587	
Tools, furniture and fixtures	37,452		41,635		(4,182)		40,737	
Land	10,731		12,119		(1,387)		11,739	
Construction in progress	2,329		2,262		67		2,109	
Accumulated depreciation	(150,030)		(164,238)		14,207		(160,543)	
Intangible fixed assets	18,567		23,544		(4,977)		20,905	
Consolidation adjustments	17,456		22,151		(4,695)		19,627	
Others	1,111		1,393		(282)		1,278	
Investment and other assets	20,013		13,938		6,074		7,333	
Investment in securities	1,336		1,737		(401)		1,346	
Long-term loans receivable	1,901		8,686		(6,785)		86	
Deferred tax assets	14,864		-		14,864		_	
Others	3,764		8,453		(4,688)		8,443	
Allowance for doubtful receivables	(1,853)		(4,939)		3,085		(2,542)	
Deferred assets	308	0.1	325	0.1	(17)	(5.2)	434	0.1
Translation adjustments	78,481	19.0	56,782	11.8	21,698	38.2	64,152	13.6
TOTAL	412,191	100.0	480,789	100.0	(68,597)	(14.3)	473,360	100.0
ASSETS	-,		,		(,)	/	,5	

	_		Millions of yen	
	_	Sept.'99	Sept.'98	March'99
(Notes)	1. Guaranteed liabilities	-	32	-
	2. Treasury stock	1,936 shares	362 shares	1,214 shares

	As of September 3	30,1999	As of September 3		Increase or (d (1999–19		As of March 31	
	Millions of	%	Millions of	%	Millions of	%	Millions of	%
	yen	Comp.	yen	Comp.	yen	/0	yen	Comp.
LIABILITIES								
Current liabilities	125,338	30.4	217,969	45.3	(92,631)	(42.5)	197,071	41.6
Notes and accounts payable	27,355		32,488		(5,133)		27,693	
Short-term loans payable	69,026		129,995		(60,969)		124,334	
Current portion of long-term loans								
payable	6,120		9,116		(2,996)		7,643	
Commercial paper	-		18,836		(18,836)		10,849	
Accrued income taxes	2,764		3,771		(1,006)		4,210	
Accrued bonuses	4,392		4,727		(335)		3,289	
Others	15,679		19,033		(3,353)		19,049	
Long-term liabilities	133,549	32.4	113,316	23.6	20,233	17.9	130,149	27.5
Bonds	35,000		25,000		10,000		35,000	
Convertible bonds	42,029		42,094		(65)		42,091	
Long-term loans payable	54,835		43,909		10,926		51,132	
Retirement allowance	259		352		(93)		321	
Others	1,425		1,960		(534)		1,605	
Total liabilities	258,888	62.8	331,286	68.9	(72,397)	(21.9)	327,221	69.1
MINORITY INTEREST IN								
CONSOLIDATED	313	0.1	3.994	0.8	(3,681)	(92.2)	433	0.1
SUBSIDIARIES	313	0.1	3,334	0.0	(3,001)	(02.2)	400	0.1
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY								
Common stock	67,695	16.4	67,663	14.1	32	0.0	67,664	14.3
Capital surplus	94,193	22.9	94,161	19.6	32	0.0	94,162	19.9
	161,889	39.3	161,824	33.7	64	0.0	161,827	34.2
Accumulated deficit	8,896	(2.2)	16,315	(3.4)	(7,418)	(45.5)	16,120	(3.4)
	152,993	37.1	145,509	30.3	7,483	5.1	145,706	30.8
Treasury stock	(2)	(0.0)	(0)		(2)		(1)	(0.0)
Total shareholders' equity	152,990	37.1	145,508	30.3	7,481	5.1	145,705	30.8
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·							
SHAREHOLDERS'	412,191	100.0	480,789	100.0	(68,597)	(14.3)	473,360	100.0

(2) Consolidated Statements of Income and Retained Earnings

(2) Consolidated Statements	Half year Sept. 30,	ended	Half year Sept. 30,	ended	Increase or (d (1999–19		Full year March 31	
	Millions of yen	% Comp.	Millions of yen	% Comp.	Millions of yen	%	Millions of yen	% Comp.
Net sales Cost of sales	143,164 101,731 41,432	$\frac{100.0}{71.1} \\ \hline 28.9$	154,848 110,763 44,084	$\frac{100.0}{71.5} \\ \hline 28.5$	$\frac{(11,683)}{(9,032)}$ $\frac{(2,651)}{(2,651)}$	$\frac{(7.5)}{(8.2)}$ $\frac{(6.0)}{(6.0)}$	305,324 215,163 90,161	$\frac{100.0}{70.5}$ $\frac{29.5}{}$
Selling, general and administrative expenses Operating income	24,982 16,450	17.4 11.5	24,348 19,735	15.7 12.8	(3,285)	2.6 (16.6)	51,614 38,546	16.9 12.6
Other Income	2,172 250	1.5	1,490 266	0.9	682 (16)	45.8	1,725 691	0.6
Reversal of loss on revaluation of marketable securities Equity in income of affiliates Other Expenses Interest expenses Foreign exchange loss	1,161 9 751 6,385 4,260 858	4.5	- 88 1,134 9,736 6,977	6.3	1,161 (79) (383) (3,350) (2,717) 858	(34.4)	13 1,020 20,050 12,231 860	6.6
Loss on revaluation of marketable securities	- - 1,266		2,758		_ _ (1,491)		1,256 2,308 3,394	
Ordinary income	12,237	8.5	11,489	7.4	747	6.5	20,221	6.6
Extraordinary income	208 51	0.2	152 52	0.1	56 (1)	37.0	399 190	0.1
securities	156		99		- 57		25 183	
Extraordinary loss Loss on disposal of inventories Loss on disposal of real estate for	22,777	15.9	5,532 -	3.6	17,244	311.7	2,185 1,467	0.7
resale Loss on sales of fixed assets Loss on disposal of fixed assets Loss on revaluation of marketable	34 197		73 10 75		(73) 24 121		103 16 299	
securitiesLoss on write off of investment in securities	_		5,353		(5,353)		- 278	
Loss on liquidation of subsidiaries and affiliates	22,036		_		22,036		-	
corporate auditors Income before income taxes (loss)	509 (10,331)	(7.2)	19 6,109	3.9	$\frac{490}{(16,440)}$		19 18,435	6.0
Income taxes Current (including enterprise tax) Reversal of income taxes for prior	1,347		1,669		(321)		4,655	
year Deferred Deferred income taxes (benefit)	(6,020)	<u> </u>	1,352		$ \begin{array}{r} 421 \\ (1,352) \\ \underline{(6,020)} \\ (9,115) \end{array} $	<u>(000 0</u>)	1,689	0.1
Total taxes Minority interest in earnings of consolidated subsidiaries		(3.5)	$ \begin{array}{r} 3,021 \\ \hline 540 \\ \hline 2,547 \end{array} $	2.0 0.3 1.6	(8,115) (488) (7,836)		6,345 581	0.2
Net income (loss)	(5,289)	(3.7)	2,547	1.6	(7,836)		11,507	3.7
Accumulated deficit at beginning of year Accumulated deficit at beginning of	3,606		18,862		(15,255)		24,752	
yearLegal reserve at beginning of year Legal reserve at beginning of year Deferred income taxes	16,120 -		20,085 1,223		(3,964) (1,223)		20,085 1,223	
for prior year Increase of accumulated deficit for increase of consolidated subsidiaries	12,513		_		12,513		- 5,889	
Increase of accumulated deficit Cash dividends Bonus to directors and corporate							2,875 2,784	
auditorsAccumulated deficit at end of year			16,315		(7,418)		91 16,120	

Millions of yen

	Half year	ended Sep.	30,1999	Half year	ended Sep.	30,1998	Full year ended March 31.1999		
1. Equivalent of acquisition value of leased items,									
equivalent of total	Equivalent	Equivalent	Equivalent	Equivalent	Equivalent	Equivalent	Equivalent	Equivalent	Equivalent
amount of depreciation	of	of total	of half	of	of total	of half	of	of total	of
and equivalent of interim	acquisition	amount of	year-end	acquisition	amount of	year-end	acquisition	amount of	year-end
(year-end) closing balance:	value	depreciation	balance	value	depreciation	balance	value	depreciation	balance
Machinery and equipment	2,231	1,196	1,035	1,806	944	861	1,964	1,092	872
Tools, furniture and fixtures	4,663	2,601	2,062	4,575	2,331	2,244	4,673	2,473	2,200
Total	6,894	3,797	3,097	6,381	3,275	3,105	6,637	3,565	3,072

Because of a low ratio of the interim (year-end) closing balance of unexpired lease expenses to a total amount of the interim (year-end) closing balance of tangible fixed assets plus the interim (year-end) closing balance of unexpired lease expense, equivalent of acquisition value in the term period in the current fiscal year has been calculated based on "Interest payment inclusive method".

2. Equivalent of interim (year-end) closing balance of unexpired lease expenses:

within-1-year	1,345	1,251	1,309
over 1-year	1,752	1,854	1,763
Total	3,097	3,105	3,072

Because of a low ratio of the interim (year-end) closing balance of unexpired lease expenses to a total amount of the interim (year-end) closing balance of tangible fixed assets plus the interim (year-end) closing balance of unexpired lease expense, equivalent of the interim (year-end) closing balance of unexpired lease expenses in the term period in the current fiscal year has been calculated based on "Interest payment inclusive method".

 $3. \ The \ amount \ of \ lease \ expenses \ and \ equivalent \ of \ depreciation \ expenses:$

Amount of lease expenses	748	688	1,603
Equivalent of depreciation expenses	748	688	1,603

4. Method of computing equivalent of depreciation expenses:

Computation is based on straight-line method with the lease term as a useful life and the residual value to be set at zero.

(3) Basis of presenting consolidated financial statements

1. Scope of consolidation and application of equity method

Number of consolidated companies...... 54 companies

Included are NMB SINGAPORE LTD., NMB (USA) INC., NMB THAI LTD., MINEBEA ELECTRONICS (THAILAND) CO., LTD..

Number of affiliated companies...... 2 companies

of which, equity method is applied to 2 companies including SHONAN SEIKI CO., LTD. , KANTO SEIKO CO., LTD..

2. Scope of consolidation and application of equity method

(a) Changes in consolidated subsidiaries

Anew : Merger and change of (1 company) NMB TECHNOLOGIES CORPORATION

corporate name

Establishment (1 company) NMB F.T. INC.

Exclusion : Merger (2 companies) NMB CORPORATION

NMB TECHNOLOGIES INC. MINEBEA CREDIT CO., LTD.

Sale of stock (1 company) MINEBEA CREDIT CO., LTD.
Liquidation (3 companies) TOOL PRODUCTS (THAILAND) LTD.

HWAN THAI ENTERPRISE CO., LTD.

ACTUS KOBE CORPORATION

(b) Changes of the companies subject to equity method

Anew : None

Exclusion : None

3. Elimination between investment accounts and shareholders' equity

A step-by-step method has been adopted in offsetting accounts between investment accounts of the company and shareholders' equity of consolidated subsidiaries.

4. Elimination of unrealized profits

Unrealized profits arising from purchase and sale of assets between the company and consolidated subsidiaries are eliminated.

5. Translation of the financial statements of consolidated overseas subsidiaries

(a) Financial statements of consolidated overseas subsidiaries are translated into yen at the following rates:

Balance sheets..... Exchange rate on the balance sheets date

Statements of income...... Average exchange rate during the term

However, accounts to be offset between investment accounts of the company and shareholders' equity of consolidated subsidiaries are converted into yen at the historical rates or at the exchange rates prevailing at the time of such transaction. Translation differences resulting from the process of translation are stated on the balance sheets as translation adjustments.

(b) Financial statements of nonconsolidated overseas subsidiaries and overseas affiliates accounted for on the equity basis are translated into yen in accordance with the aforementioned item (a).

6. Appropriation of retained earnings

Regarding the appropriation of retained earnings, the consolidated statements of income and retained earnings are prepared based on the method provided in the provision of article 8 of the regulation relating to terminology, form and methods of preparation of consolidated financial statements (advanced inclusion method).

7. Income taxes

The tax effect accounting has been applied to the income tax and other taxes to be assessed on the basis of income and its related amounts.

(Additional information)

So far, income taxes were principally accounted for on an accrual basis and deferred (prepaid) income taxes pertaining to timing differences were recognized only insofar as they related to the elimination of unrealized intercompany profits and other adjustments for consolidation purpose. From this interim fiscal year, however, the tax effect accounting has been early applied to the income taxes based on benefit.

Compared with using the same method as that of previous term, the change has increased 19,233 million yen in assets, decreased 6,656 million yen in net loss and 12,513 million yen in accumulated deficit.

The effect on segment information is stated at "3.Segment Information".

8. Accounting method of lease transactions

The accounting treatment for financial lease transactions other than those in which the ownership of leases is considered to be transferred to us is in accordance with that for ordinary lease transactions.

9. Consumption taxes (in Japan)

Exclusive

3. Segment information

(1) By industry segments

The company group is operating production and sales of our main products such as machinery fixture and components group like bearings and electronic devices and so on. Each amount of sales, operating income and assets of the operation in FY2000 interim is over 90% compared with that of consolidated sales, operating income and assets. Therefore, the segment information by industry segments in FY2000 interim has been omitted.

(2) By geographical segments

	FY2000 (Interim) Millions of yen						
	Japan	Asia (excluding	North and South	Europe	Sub-total	Elimination	Total
1. Total sales and operating income		Japan)	America				
Total sales							
(1) Sales to customers	56,918	38,883	30,396	16,967	143,164	_	143,164
(2) Sales to other segment	42,324	51,692	469	995	95,480	(95,480)	-
Total	99,242	90,575	30,865	17,962	238,644	(95,480)	143,164
Operating expense	93,505	81,490	29,786	17,413	222,194	(95,480)	126,714
Operating income	5,737	9,085	1,079	549	16,450	-	16,450
2. Assets	185,974	155,668	42,164	33,122	416,928	(4,737)	412,191

	FY1999 (Interim)						
		Millions of yen					
		Asia	North and				
	Japan	(excluding	South	Europe	Sub-total	Elimination	Total
		Japan)	America				
1. Total sales and operating income							
Total sales							
(1) Sales to customers	57,034	39,705	35,560	22,548	154,848	_	154,848
(2) Sales to other segment	46,670	51,455	1,124	730	99,979	(99,979)	-
Total	103,704	91,160	36,684	23,278	254,827	(99,979)	154,848
Operating expense	94,641	83,104	34,960	22,386	235,091	(99,979)	135,112
Operating income	9,063	8,056	1,724	892	19,735	_	19,735
2. Assets	244,753	157,827	51,574	39,579	493,733	(12,944)	480,789

	FY1999 (Annual)						
		Millions of yen					
		Asia	North and				
	Japan	(excluding	South	Europe	Sub-total	Elimination	Total
		Japan)	America				
1. Total sales and operating income							
Total sales							
(1) Sales to customers	121,123	77,038	65,806	41,357	305,324	_	305,324
(2) Sales to other segment	88,054	119,541	2,239	2,157	211,991	(211,991)	-
Total	209,177	196,579	68,045	43,514	517,315	(211,991)	305,324
Operating expense	192,987	179,557	64,895	41,330	478,769	(211,991)	266,778
Operating income	16,190	17,022	3,150	2,184	38,546	-	38,546
2. Assets	244,831	155,029	45,611	30,738	476,209	(2,849)	473,360

(Notes)1. Dividing method and main countries in each territory

- (a) Dividing method...... By geographical distance
- (b) Main countries in each territory

Asia (excluding Japan).....Thailand, Singapore, China, Taiwan, Korea, etc.

North and South America......United States, Canada, Mexico

Europe......United Kingdom, Germany, France, Italy, Netherlands, etc.

- 2. The amounts of all companies' assets are 78,481 million yen for FY2000 interim, 56,782 million yen for FY1999 interim and 64,152 million yen for FY'99 annual in "Assets-Elimination" columns. They come from translation adjustments.
- 3. As mentioned item 7 on page 9, from FY2000 interim, the tax effect accounting has been early applied. Compared with using the same method as that of previous term, the change has increased "Assets" at 19,019 million yen in "Japan" and at 213 million yen in "Asia".

(3) Overseas Sales

		FY2000 (Interim) Millions of yen				
		Asia (excluding Japan)	North and South America	Europe	Total	
1.	Overseas sales	42,525	30,398	16,973	89,896	
2.	Total sales				143,164	
3.	Overseas sales on total sales	29.7	21.2	11.9	62.8	

		<u>FY1999 (Interim)</u> Millions of yen				
		Asia (excluding Japan)	North and South America	Europe	Total	
1.	Overseas sales	41,549	35,473	21,887	98,909	
2.	Total sales				154,848	
3.	Overseas sales on total sales	26.8	22.9	% 14.1	63.9	

		FY1999 (Annual) Millions of yen				
		Asia (excluding Japan)	North and South America	Europe	Total	
1.	Overseas sales	81,425	65,722	41,546	188,693	
2.	Total sales				305,324	
3.	Overseas sales on total sales	26.7	21.5	13.6	61.8	

(Notes) 1. The overseas sales are made outside of Japan by parent company and consolidated subsidiaries.

- 2. Dividing method and main countries in each territory
 - (a) Dividing method...... By geographical distance
 - (b) Main countries in each territory

Asia (excluding Japan).....Thailand, Singapore, China, Taiwan, Korea, etc.

North and South America...... United States, Canada, Mexico, etc.

Europe......United Kingdom, Germany, France, Italy, Netherlands, etc.